Gap Analysis 2025 Summary of findings



the UK.

The GAP analysis working group was comissioned by the FPM Board to evaluate the state of pain services across



The analysis covered **21 domains** from the Core Standards for Pain Medicine Services in the UK version 2.



There were **164** respondents to the survey from **97** individual clinical sites.





Respondents indentified themslves as **primary** (community), secondary (hosptial) and tertiary (with higher pain services).



74.23% of respondents worked in secondary care22.68% of respondents worked in tertiary care3.09% of respodends worked in primary care.







Overall, **58.22%** of all pooled responses stated these standards were fully met, **19.65%** were partially met, **15.08%** were unmet with the rest being classed as 'don't know/didn't answer'.



No standard was fully met by all pain servies with large regional and nation variation.



Four aspects of chronic pain services need urgent redress. These are the standards where more than 25% of the respondents indicated that these were unmet in their services.

- Provision of paediatric services 38.1% unmet, 23.7% partially met
- Provision of cancer pain services 27.8% unmet and 36.1% partially met
- Research and development 42.3% unmet and 19.6% partially met
- Outcome data management support 33% unmet and 21.6% partially met







Further **key areas** where attention is needed are:

 Provision of psychological support services and PMP access. 16% unmet and 20.6% partially met



- Provision of neuromodulation services .
 13.4% unmet and 18.6% partially met
- Information website and remote consultation facilities. 13.9% unmet and 26.8% partially met



